



STATISTICAL OVERVIEW OF CANADA'S CYBERSECURITY INDUSTRY IN 2018

October 2020

Context: Development of relevant, quality and timely cybersecurity industry strategic information to inform policy and industry decision makers

- Canada is the first among OECD countries to conduct an in-depth Government Statistical Agency survey on cybersecurity industry capabilities from the supplier perspective
 - Complimentary to the Statistics Canada 'Survey of Cybersecurity and Cybercrime' (user perspective)
- Supported by a multi-year collaborative analytics agreement with industry associations







- This report presents a statistical overview of Canada's cybersecurity industry activities in 2018, based on the most recent data available
- As such, these findings provide insights into the state of Canada's cybersecurity industry prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic
- The next iteration of the biennial survey will measure 2020 industrial activities, and will
 reflect potential impacts of the pandemic on the cyber security industry in 2020
 - Publication of the basic 2020 data by Statistics Canada is currently scheduled for early 2022

Project Framework

I. Concept Definition (December 2017 – February 2019):

 Consultation with industry, subject matter experts, defence and public security organizations, and policy makers to develop the research framework and the targeted population*

II. <u>Data Development (March 2019 – December 2019):</u>

- ISED sponsored Statistics Canada biennial survey with completion a legal requirement under the Statistics Act
- Data quality validation and firm level imputation based on administrative data

III. <u>Data Analytics (January 2020 – September 2020):</u>

- Data framework and analytics development
- Economic impact methodology informed by experts at the OECD and Statistics Canada
- Development of an overview of the Canadian cybersecurity industry (2018)

^{*} Target ed population includes firms of <u>all sizes</u> identified by all project partners. In addition, a Census approach of all firms with more than 20 employees across all related Information and Communication Technology (ICT) industries was used to supplement the survey list

Overview

Core areas of research and analysis



Economic Impact



Exports



Skills and Diversity



Innovation



Size of Firm Footprint



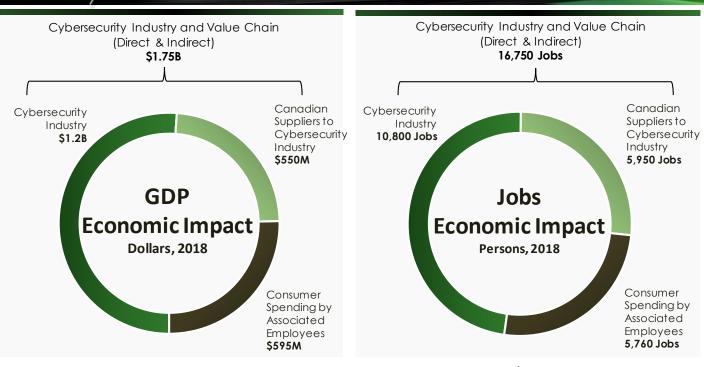
Annex



Regional Areas of Strength



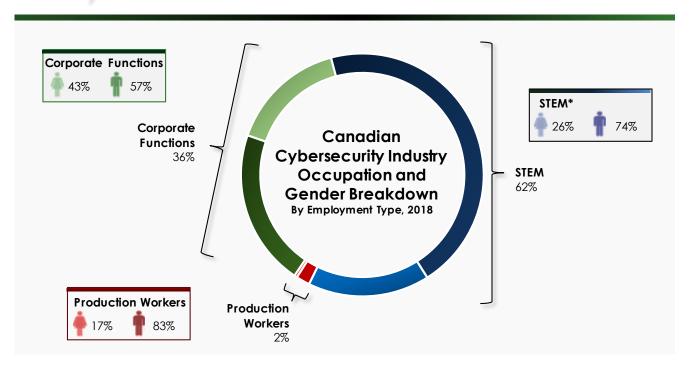
The Canadian cybersecurity industry contributed over \$2.3B in GDP and 22,500 jobs to the Canadian economy in 2018



- The cybersecurity industry and its value chain contributed over \$1.7 billion in GDP and 16,750 jobs to the Canadian economy (direct and indirect)
- Consumer spending by associated employees contributed an additional \$595 million to GDP and supported 5,760 jobs (induced)



STEM* captured **over 60%** of the industry's total employment in 2018



The share of STEM-related occupations was more than 65% higher than the Canadian ICT industry average**

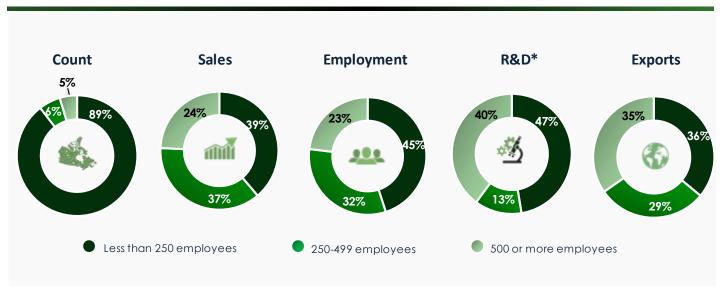
Source: Canadian Defence, Aerospace, Marine and Cybers ecurity Industries Survey (2018), 2018 survey released in 2020; Statistics Canada Labour Force Survey (2018), 2020; Innovation. Science, Economic Development Canada, "Canadian ICT Sector Profile 2018", 2020

^{*} STEM: Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics

^{**} See Annex 2 for ICT Industry definitions



Close to 90% of Canadian cybersecurity industry firms had less than 250 employees in 2018



 In contrast to most industries, firms with less than 250 employees captured more than 45% of industry employment and R&D activity while being responsible for more than 35% of the industry's exports



Breakdown of Canadian cybersecurity industry activities in 2018

Total sales reached close to \$2.9B across 344 firms

Types of Products or Services	Share of Total Cybersecurity Sales (%)
<u>Infrastructure Solutions:</u> Cybersecurity infrastructure services and solutions for the ongoing protection of networks and data	50.7%
<u>Bundled Solutions:</u> Cybersecurity solutions based on a single package of services, software and/or hardware involving elements of several other specified cybersecurity categories	11.9%
<u>Encryption</u>	9.0%
<u>Compliance Audits and Program Development:</u> Compliance audits & program development, strategy development, and related risk management and consulting services	8.0%
Industrial Control systems (ICS): supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) and operation technology (OT) related cybersecurity	5.4%
<u>Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring:</u> Penetration testing and associated vulnerability & threat assessments, cyberspace threat monitoring, detection, intelligence services, and active cyber defence measures	4.2%
<u>Forensics and Investigation:</u> Forensics and the investigation of, and response to, cyber-attacks or other cyber incidents and intrusions	1.7%
Iraining: Cybersecurity Training	0.3%
Other: cybersecurity related goods & services	8.8%
Total Cybersecurity Industry	100.0%



The cybersecurity industry was present across Canada with regional specializations* in 2018

Canadian Cybersecurity Industry Regional Breakdown

By Employment Share, 2018

Western Canada, 24%

- 1. Infrastructure solutions
- 2. Compliance Audits and Program Development
- 3. ICS
- 4. Bundled Solutions
- 5. Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
- 6. Encryption
- 7. Forensics and Investigation
- 8. Training



Ontario, 52%

- 1. Infrastructure solutions
- 2. Bundled Solutions
- 3. Encryption
- 4. Compliance Audits and Program Development
- 5. Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
- 6. Industrial control systems (ICS)
- 7. Forensics and Investigation
- 8. Training

Quebec, 19%

- Infrastructure solutions
- Compliance Audits and Program Development
- 3. Bundled Solutions
- 4. Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
- 5. Industrial control systems (ICS)
- 6. Encryption
- 7. Forensics and Investigation
- 8. Training

Atlantic Canada, 5%

- . ICS
- 2. Infrastructure solutions
- 3. Bundled Solutions
 - Compliance Audits and Program Development
- Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
- 6. Encryption
- 7. Forensics and Investigation
- 8. Training

^{*} See Annex 5 for the full titles of the cybers ecurity goods and services categories **Source:** Canadian Defence, Aerospace, Marine and Cybers ecurity Industries Survey (2018), 2018 survey released in 2020



Close to 30%* of total cybersecurity sales were directed to militaries, law enforcement, intelligence and national security agencies in 2018

Intensity of sales to military and security agencies by types of products and services, 2018**



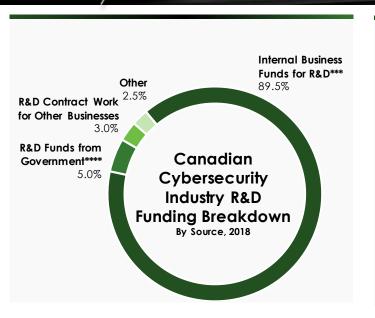
Source: Canadian Defence, Aerospace, Marine and Cybers ecurity Industries Survey (2018), 2018 survey released in 2020

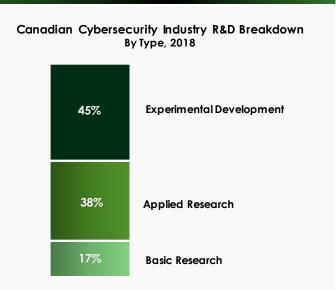
^{*} Includes other cybersecurity related goods & services

^{**} The "Other cybersecuity" activities category is excluded from this chart



The cybersecurity industry's **R&D intensity*** was more than **3X** that of the total Canadian ICT industry average** in 2018





- With close to \$260M in R&D investment, over 90% of the R&D performed by the cybersecurity industry was funded by industry
- The composition of the cybersecurity industry's overall R&D activity by type was different from that of Canada's ICT industry**

Source: Canadian Defence, Aerospace, Marine and Cybers ecurity Industries Survey (2018), 2018 survey released in 2020; and Statistics Canada online Table: 27-10-0344-01 (formerly CANSIM 358-0521)

^{*} R&D intensity is calculated using the ratio of R&D to GDP

^{**} See Annex 2 for ICT Industry definitions

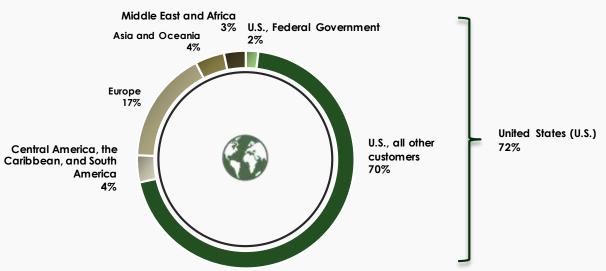
^{***} This includes funds from the cybers ecurity businesses performing the R&D, plus some funds from their parent, affiliated and subsidiary companies

^{****} Government funded R&D is dominated by grants



Close to \$1.1B of cybersecurity exports in 2018



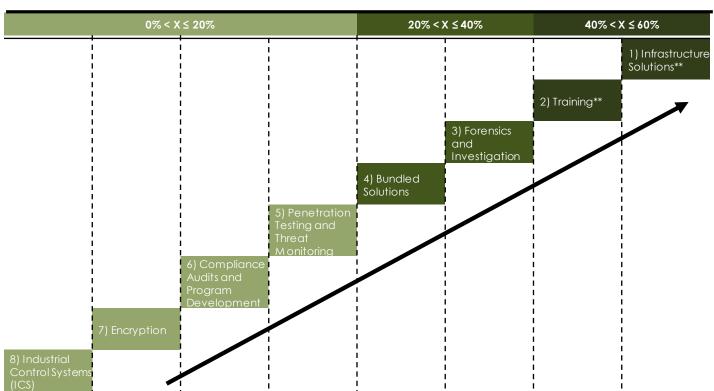


Export intensity was 3X higher compared to the Canadian ICTIndustry average*



Export intensity varied greatly by type of products and services in 2018

Export Intensity Ranking of Cybersecurity Activities*, 2018



Source: Canadian Defence, Aerospace, Marine and Cybers ecurity Industries Survey (2018), 2018 survey released in 2020

^{*} The 'Other cybersecurity' activities category is excluded from this table

^{**} Training and Infrastructure Solutions activities were tied with regards to their export intensities



Key findings

In 2018, the Canadian cybersecurity industry was:

- Generating close to \$2.9B in cyber sales by 344 firms across various activities
- Contributing close 22,500 jobs to the Canadian economy
- Innovative, investing close to \$260 million in R&D
- Highly skilled with more than 60% of its workforce relating to STEM
- Globally engaged with \$1.1 billion in exports
- Supported by firms with less than 250 employees for its innovation and export capacities





Annex 1: Economic Impact Methodology Principles

Annex 2: Canadian ICT Industry Definition

Annex 3: Regional Ranking of Activities

Annex 4: Data Tables

Annex 5: Cybersecurity Industry Definition



Annex 1: Economic Impact Methodology Principles

- Foundation data is based on the latest (2018) Canadian Defence, Aerospace, Marine and Cybersecurity Industries Survey released in 2020
- ISED economic modelling based on Statistics Canada's latest Input-Output multipliers (2016) and closest related specific economic impact multipliers that relate to cybersecurity activities
- Economic model is based on Statistics Canada Input-Output (I/O) multipliers
 - Cybersecurity activity has been linked to the latest (2016) and most relevant specific economic impact multipliers per cybersecurity products and services category
 - GDP impact is reported cumulatively and on a yearly average basis
 - Job impact is reported on the annual average basis and measured in terms of full-time equivalent employment (FTE)
 - Jobs cannot be additive as they are maintained for an extended period after creation
 - Total economic impact of the cybersecurity industry includes the activity that occurs
 within the Canadian cybersecurity industry, Canadian suppliers to the Canadian
 cybersecurity industry, as well as consumer spending by associated employees across
 the Canadian economy
 - Economic impact estimates are reported at the national level and cannot be broken down at the regional level
 - Totals may not add up to 100% due to rounding



Annex 2: Canadian ICT Industry

ICT manufacturing

- Computer and peripheral equipment
- Communications equipment
- Electronic components
- Audio and video equipment
- Magnetic and optical media

ICT wholesaling

Software and computer services

- Software publishers
- Computer systems design
- Data processing
- Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance

Communications services

- Wireless telecommunications carriers
- Wired telecommunications carriers
- Cable and other program distribution



Annex 3: Regional Ranking of Activities

Ranking	Western and Northern Canada Ranking of Activities
1	Infrastructure solutions
2	Compliance Audits and Program Development
3	Industrial control systems (ICS)
4	Bundled Solutions
5	Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
6	Encryption
7	Forensics and Investigation
8	Training

Ranking	Ontario Ranking of Activities
1	Infrastructure solutions
2	Bundled Solutions
3	Encryption
4	Compliance Audits and Program Development
5	Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
6	Industrial control systems (ICS)
7	Forensics and Investigation
8	Training



Annex 3: Regional Ranking of Activities (cont.)

Ranking	Quebec Ranking of Activities
1	Infrastructure solutions
2	Compliance Audits and Program Development
3	Bundled Solutions
4	Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
5	Industrial control systems (ICS)
6	Encryption
7	Forensics and Investigation
8	Training

Ranking	Atlantic Canada Ranking of Activities
1	Industrial control systems (ICS)
2	Infrastructure solutions
3	Bundled Solutions
4	Compliance Audits and Program Development
5	Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring
6	Encryption
7	Forensics and Investigation
8	Training



Annex 4: Data Tables

Table I: Economic Impact

GDP Economic Impact (\$M)				
Suppliers to Cybersecurity Industry (\$M) Cybersecurity Industry (\$M)		Cybersecurity Industry and Value Chain (\$M)	Consumer Spending by Associated Employees (\$M)	Cumulative Total GDP (\$M)
\$1,200M	\$550M	\$1,750M	\$595M	\$2,345M

Job Economic Impact				
Cybersecurity Industry	Suppliers to Cybersecurity Industry	Cybersecurity Industry and Value Chain	Consumer Spending by Associated Employees	Total Annual Average Jobs
10,800 Jobs	5,950 Jobs	16,750 Jobs	5,760 Jobs	22,500 Jobs



Table II: Regional Breakdown

Regional Breakdown	Western and Northern Canada	Ontario	Quebec	Atlantic Canada
Distribution of Employment in the Cybersecurity Industry	24%	52%	19%	5%

Table III: Intensity of sales to military and security agencies by types of products and services, 2018

Categories	Intensity of sales to military and security agencies by types of products and services, 2018
Infrastructure solutions	38%
Penetration Testing and Threat Monitoring	16%
Forensics and Training	13%
Compliance Audits and Program Development	11%
Bundled Solutions	8%
Industrial Control Systems (ICS)	5%
Encryption	5%



Table IV: Firm Size Breakdown

Size Breakdown	Share of Total Cybersecurity Industry Enterprise Counts	Share of Total Cybersecurity Industry Sales	Share of Total Cybersecurity Industry Employment	Share of Total Cybersecurity Industry R&D	Share of Total Cybersecurity Industry Exports
Enterprises with less than 250 employees	89%	39%	45%	47%	36%
Enterprises with between 250 and 499 employees	6%	37%	32%	13%	29%
Enterprises with 500 or more employees	5%	24%	23%	40%	35%
Total Enterprises	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%



Table V: Occupation and Gender Breakdown

Occupation Breakdown	Share of Employment by Occupation	Occupation & Gender Breakdown	Share of Occupations' Employment by Gender
CTEAA	/ 107	STEM Male	74%
STEM	61%	STEM Female	26%
Draduation Warkers	007	Production Worker Male	83%
Production Workers	2%	Production Worker Female	17%
C	2.407	Corporate Functions Male	57%
Corporate Functions	36%	Corporate Functions Female	43%

Table VI: Sources of Funds for R&D

Sources of R&D	Share of R&D Breakdown
Internal Business Funds for R&D	89.5%
R&D Funds from Government	5.0%
R&D Contract Work for Other Businesses	3.0%
Other	2.5%

Types of R&D	Share of R&D Breakdown
Basic Research	17%
Applied Research	38%
Experimental Development	45%



Table VII: Domestic and Foreign Market Breakdown

Cybersecurity Domestic Sales	63%	Cybersecurity Export Sales	37%
Domestic Sales by Customer Type*		Export Sales by Destination	
Canadian Federal Government	13%	• United States	72%
Other Canadian Customers	87%	• Europe	17%
		Asia and Oceania	4%
		Central America, the Caribbean, and South America	4%
		Middle East and Africa	3%
Cybersecurity Domestic Sales Total	100%	Cybersecurity Export Sales Total	100%



Annex 5: Cybersecurity Industry Definition

Definition of Cybersecurity Categories

Cybersecurity

Excluded from this survey are:

Sales of goods and services (e.g., hardware, software, consulting services, R&D, hosted cybersecurity services) that were essentially produced, or rendered/provided by facilities and employees located outside of Canada and delivered as is to customers in Canada or abroad. Therefore, to be excluded are sales relating to any transactions with, arranged or contracted through business entities, intermediaries or representatives in Canada for goods and/or services to essentially be sourced from businesses outside of Canada. Sales relating to distribution,

retail, and wholesale activities.

Cybersecurity infrastructure services and solutions for the ongoing protection of networks and data

This category includes sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, lengineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:

Services and solutions to establish ongoing protection of networks and data. This includes design, integration, and provision of security infrastructure.

Solutions may **include** or relate to, but not necessarily be limited to:

firew alls / next generation firew alls;

intrusion detection and prevention systems (IDS/IPS);

managed Security Service Providers (MSSP);

webapplication firewalls:

secure email gatew ays;

end point security, detection & response;

insider threat detection;

identity and access management / control. This can also include systems and softw are relating to user authentication/recognition based on image, voice and other biometric-based analytic techniques (or various combinations of methods under multi-factor authentication)—for the purposes of ensuring only authorized access to, and use of cyber systems);

application security tools such as Runtime Application Self-Protection (RASP);

services pertaining to security system design, integration, installation;

cybersecurity orchestration and automation;

cloud-based cybersecurity solutions:

other technologies designed to protect against attacks that use cryptanalytic techniques like side-channel analysis of the physical emanations physical signals (e.g., electromagnetic fields & pulses, pow er consumption, heat dissipation) of devices during the process of their operation. Examples of attack types include, but are not limited to those involving: timing attacks; power or electromagnetic analysis; and microarchitectural attacks.



Annex 5: Cybersecurity Industry Definition (cont.)

Definition of Cybersecurity Categories

Cybersecurity Solutions Based on a Single Package of Services, Software and/or Hardware—and Involving Elements of Several of the Other Cybersecurity Categories as Specified Under this Survey

This category **includes** sales spanning both goods and/or services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services) relating to:

Solutions that address customer/client cybersecurity requirements by providing them with a single package of services, software and/or hardware which involves elements relating to more than one of the survey's other specified cybersecurity goods and services categories and associated functions, tasks.

Cybersecurity goods and services sales that can be broken down according to the other individual cybersecurity goods and services categories should be reported under those respective categories, and should NOT be reported under this sales category.

Encryption

This category **includes** sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:

Hardware or software based encryption, or services to develop or implement encryption, (this may also **include**, but not be limited to, activities relating to quantum proof algorithms and encryption).

Excludina:

integration or resale of commercial encryption is not to be **included** here:

encryption that is primarily **included** under another goods & services category.

Compliance audits & program development, strategy development, and related risk management and consulting services

This category **includes** sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:

cybersecurity audits / compliance audits;

cybersecurity strategy development;

cybersecurity compliance program development;

other related risk management and consulting services.

Industrial Control Systems (ICS), Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA), and Operation Technology (OT) Related Cyb er Security

This category **includes** sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:

Any cybersecurity related solutions and services intended to protect industrial control systems, SCADA, or operation technology (OT). For example, this may **include**, but not be limited to, Hardware Security Modules, or Hardware Cryptographic Modules.

Excluding protection of enterprise IT networks.



Annex 5: Cybersecurity Industry Definition (cont.)

Definition of Cybersecurity Categories

Penetration testing and associated vulnerability & threat assessments, cyberspace threat monitoring, detection, intelligence services, and active cyber defence measures

This category **includes** sales related to production of goods and/or the provision of services (which may also **include** research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services) relating to:

Vulnerability assessments.

Penetration testing;

Activities in the cyber-domain or the cyber space connected to efforts to detect, monitor, analyse, understand, and/or predict cyber threats—such as in order to improve parties' situational awareness and ability to adapt/strengthen their cyber defences accordingly, and to therefore pre-empt or mitigate potential cybersecurity failures.

The conduct of more active cyber defense measures like those intended to preserve the ability of a defending party to use/fre ely operate in cyber-space; and to protect data, networks, network-centric capabilities, infrastructure, and other systems, assets, and property—by searching for, detecting, defeating and/or mitigating a threat's offensive and exploitative cyber capabilities and actions.

Forensics and the investigation of, and response to, cyber attacks or other cyber incidents and intrusions.

This extra gap visibilities relief to the provision of services (included to be the production of services (included to be the production of services (included to be the production of services).

This category **includes** sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:

Services and software tools involved in identifying, assessing, and responding to cyber-attacks and incidents. Examples may **include**, but not necessarily be limited to:

network forensics:

related hunt services & tools:

fraud analytics:

identification of inside perpetrators;

other incident response services.

Cybersecurity training

This category **includes** sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:
training:

workforce development;

educational services or solutions.

This **includes** all levels, from more basic users to advanced practitioners; and spans services, coursew are, software, or other delivery mechanisms.

ZI



Annex 5: Cybersecurity Industry Definition (cont.)

Definition of Cybersecurity Categories

Other cybersecurity related goods & services

This category **includes** sales related to both production of goods and/or the provision of services (including research, development, design, engineering, testing & evaluation services), such as relating to:

Other activities that could be considered cybersecurity related in nature, (including those beyond just defensive or passive cybersecurity related activities).

For example, privacy and de-identification, or anonymization tools, goods and services related to support of military full spectrum operations not otherwise effectively captured under the preceding sales categories.

Excluding sales of goods and services that were essentially produced or rendered/provided by facilities and employees located outside of Canada and delivered as is to customers in Canada or abroad.

<u>e.a.,</u> sales relating to any transactions with, arranged or contracted through business entities, intermediaries or representatives in Canada for goods and/or services to essentially be sourced from businesses outside of Canada; distribution, retail, and whole sale activities.

Other cybersecurity related definitions:

Managed services (or hosted cybersecurity)

Provision to clients of services such as ongoing third party management/assurance of the cybersecurity/resiliency of clients' systems, networks and information—including continuous monitoring, threat/attack detection and incident response—for clients which choose to out-source such functions to a third party.

Such services may also **include** responsibility for the installation of associated hardware/appliances and software; as well as the configuration, integration, operation and maintenance of comprehensive up-to-date cybersecurity solutions for clients that choose to out-source IT infrastructure and cybersecurity functions to a third party.

Examples of related outsourced security support services may include, but not be limited to:

Security Information and Event Management (SIBM), Data Loss Prevention (DLP), intrusion detection systems (IDS) / intrusion prevention systems (IPS), threat analytics, vulnerability management, hunt, incident response, and Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) services.

Canada